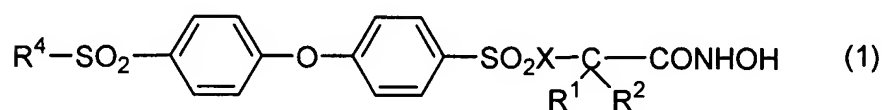


AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. **(Currently amended)** A hydroxamic acid derivative, compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof, which is represented by the following formula (1),



wherein R^1 and R^2 are each independently hydrogen atom, optionally substituted lower alkyl group, or lower haloalkyl group, or R^1 and R^2 are bound together to form C2~7 straight alkylene group, or a group represented by a formula, $-(CH_2)_m-Y-(CH_2)_q-$ (wherein Y is -O-, $-NR^5$ -, -S-, -SO-, or $-SO_2$ -, m and q are each independently an integer of 1 to 5, and the total of m and q are 2~6, and R^5 is hydrogen atom, optionally substituted lower alkyl group, optionally substituted lower alkylcarbonyl group, optionally substituted lower alkoxy carbonyl group, optionally substituted lower alkylsulfonyl group, optionally substituted sulfamoyl group or optionally substituted carbamoyl group), X is methylene group or NR^3 (wherein, R^3 is hydrogen atom, or optionally substituted lower alkyl group, or R^3 may be bound with R^1 together with their binding N atom and carbon atom to form optionally substituted heterocycloalkane.), and R^4 is C1~4 lower alkyl group,

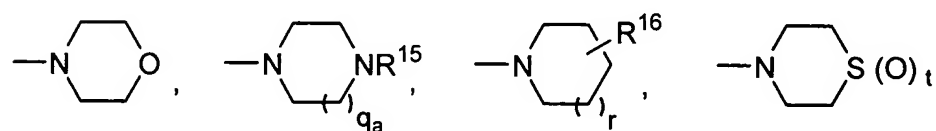
wherein a substituent of the lower alkyl groups in R^1 and R^2 is selected from the group consisting of halogen atom, hydroxy group, cyano group, lower alkoxy group, lower alkylthio group, lower alkylsulfinyl group, lower alkylsulfonyl group, lower cycloalkyl group, optionally substituted aryl group, optionally substituted heteroaryl group, optionally substituted aryloxy group, optionally substituted heteroaryloxy group, optionally substituted arylthio group, optionally substituted heteroarylthio group, optionally substituted arylsulfonyl group, optionally substituted heteroarylsulfonyl group and $-NR^{17}R^{18}$;

a substituent of the lower alkyl group in R^3 is selected from the group consisting of carboxy group, hydroxy group, lower haloalkyl group, lower haloalkoxy group, cyano group, lower alkylcarbonyl group, lower alkylcarbonyloxy group, lower alkoxy carbonyl group, $-CONR^{11}R^{12}$, $-SO_2NR^{11}R^{12}$, $-NHCONR^{11}R^{12}$, $-NR^{13}COR^{14}$, $-NR^{13}SO_2R^{14}$, optionally substituted aryl group,

optionally substituted heteroaryl group, optionally substituted aryloxy group, optionally substituted heteroaryloxy group, optionally substituted arylthio group, optionally substituted arylcarbonyl group, optionally substituted heteroarylcarbonyl group, optionally substituted heteroarylthio group, arylsulfonyl group, optionally substituted heteroarylsulfonyl group, lower alkoxy group, lower alkylthio group, lower alkylsulfinyl group and lower alkylsulfonyl group, wherein each of above four groups is optionally substituted by a group selected from the group consisting of optionally substituted aryl group, optionally substituted heteroaryl group, lower alkoxy group, carbamoyl group substituted by 1 or 2 lower alkyl groups, and carbamoyl group substituted by lower cycloalkyl group;

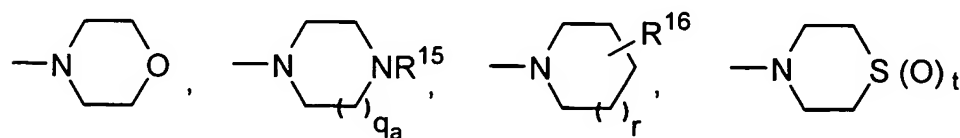
a substituent of the lower alkyl group, lower alkylcarbonyl group, lower alkoxy carbonyl group, or lower alkylsulfonyl group in R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of lower alkoxy group, lower cycloalkoxy group and aryloxy group;

a substituent of the carbamoyl group and sulfamoyl group in R⁵ is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl group and lower alkoxy group and the said two substituents may bind with the adjacent nitrogen atom to form a structure selected from the group consisting of the following formulas:



wherein q_a is an integer of 1 or 2, r is an integer of 0~2, t is an integer of 0~2, R¹⁵ is lower alkyl group, lower alkylcarbonyl group, lower alkylsulfonyl group, or lower alkoxy carbonyl group, and R¹⁶ is carboxy group, hydroxy group, lower alkoxy group, lower alkylcarbonyloxy group, lower alkylcarbonyl group, lower alkoxy carbonyl group, or carbamoyl group optionally substituted by 1 to 2 lower alkyl groups;

R¹¹ and R¹² are each independently hydrogen atom, lower alkyl group, or lower alkyl group substituted by lower alkoxy group, or -NR¹¹R¹² is a structure selected from the group consisting of the following formulas.



wherein q_a , r, t, R^{15} and R^{16} are the same as defined above;

R^{13} and R^{14} are each independently hydrogen atom, or lower alkyl group;

R^{17} is hydrogen atom or lower alkyl group, and R^{18} is hydrogen atom, lower alkyl group, lower alkylcarbonyl group, lower alkoxycarbonyl group, or lower alkylsulfonyl group; and

a substituent of the aryl group, aryloxy group, arylthio group, arylcarbonyl group, arylcarbonyl group, arylsulfonyl group, heteroaryl group, heteroaryloxy group, heteroarylthio group, heteroarylcarbonyl group, and heteroarylsulfonyl group are selected from the group consisting of halogen atom, cyano group, hydroxy group, carboxy group, lower haloalkyl group, lower haloalkoxy group, lower alkoxy group, lower alkylthio group, lower alkylsulfinyl group, lower alkylsulfonyl group, lower cycloalkyl group, lower alkoxycarbonyl group,

-CONR¹¹R¹², -SO₂NR¹¹R¹² (wherein R^{11} and R^{12} are the same as defined above), -NR¹³COR¹⁴, -NR¹³SO₂R¹⁴ (wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are the same as defined above), -NR¹⁷R¹⁸ (wherein R^{17} and R^{18} are the same as defined above), and lower alkyl group optionally substituted by the group consisting of lower alkoxy group, lower alkylthio group, lower alkylsulfinyl group, lower alkylsulfonyl group, lower alkylcarbonyl group, lower alkoxycarbonyl group, lower alkylcarbonyloxy group, cyano group, carboxy group, hydroxy group, -NR¹⁷R¹⁸ (wherein R^{17} and R^{18} are the same as defined above), -CONR¹¹R¹², -SO₂NR¹¹R¹² (wherein R^{11} and R^{12} are the same as defined above), -NR¹³COR¹⁴, and -NR¹³SO₂R¹⁴ (wherein R^{13} and R^{14} are the same as defined above).

2. **(Currently amended)** The hydroxamic acid derivative, a compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof of the formula (1) according to claim 1, wherein R^1 and R^2 are each independently hydrogen atom, or C1~3 lower alkyl group.

3. **(Currently amended)** The hydroxamic acid derivative, a compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof of the formula (1) according to claim 1, wherein R^1 and R^2 are bound together to form C3~5 alkylene group.

4. **(Currently amended)** The hydroxamic acid derivative, a compound or

pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof of the formula (1) according to claim 1, wherein R^1 and R^2 are bound together to form a group represented by the formula, $-(CH_2)_m-Y-(CH_2)_q-$.

5. **(Currently amended)** The hydroxamic acid derivative, a compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof of the formula (1) according to claim 4, wherein m and q are ~~espectively~~ respectively 2 in the formula, $-(CH_2)_m-Y-(CH_2)_q-$.

6. **(Currently amended)** The hydroxamic acid derivative, a compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof of the formula (1) according to claim 1, wherein X is $N-R^3$, and the R^3 is hydrogen atom, C1~4 lower alkyl group, carboxy group, phenyl group (the said phenyl group may be substituted by lower alkyl group, lower alkoxy group or halogen atom-), 2-pyridyl group, 3-pyridyl group, 4-pyridyl group, furyl group, thienyl group (the said pyridyl group, furyl group and thienyl group may be substituted by lower alkyl group-), or C1~4 lower alkyl group substituted by lower alkoxycarbonyl group, lower alkoxy group or lower cycloalkoxy group.

7. **(Canceled)**

8. **(Currently amended)** The hydroxamic acid derivative, a compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof of the formula (1) according to claim 1, wherein X is methylene group and R^1 and R^2 are bound together to form C3~4 straight alkylene group or $-(CH_2)_2-O-(CH_2)_2-$.

9. **(Currently amended)** The hydroxamic acid derivative, a compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof of the formula (1) according to claim 1, wherein R^4 is methyl group.

10. **(Currently amended)** The hydroxamic acid derivative, a compound or

pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof of the formula (1) according to claim 1, wherein R^1 and R^2 are each independently, hydrogen atom or C1~4 lower alkyl group, or R^1 and R^2 are bound together to form C3~4 straight alkylene group or a formula, $-(CH_2)_2-Y-(CH_2)_2-$, X is $N-R^3$, and the R^3 is hydrogen atom, C1~4 lower alkyl group, carboxy group, phenyl group (the said phenyl group may be substituted by lower alkyl group, lower alkoxy group or halogen atom-), 2-pyridyl group, 3-pyridyl group, 4-pyridyl group, furyl group, thienyl group (the said pyridyl group, furyl group and thienyl group may be substituted by lower alkyl group-), C1~4 lower alkyl group substituted by lower alkoxycarbonyl group, lower alkoxy group or cycloalkoxy group, and R^4 is methyl group.

11. **(Currently amended)** The hydroxamic acid derivative, a compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or a prodrug thereof of the formula (1) according to in claim 1, wherein R^1 and R^2 are bound together to form C3~4 straight alkylene group or $-(CH_2)_2-O-(CH_2)_2-$, X is $N-R^3$, and the R^3 is C1~4 lower alkyl group which may be substituted by C1~4 lower alkoxy group.

12-14. **(Canceled)**

15. **(Currently amended)** A therapeutic or prophylactic agent for method for treating a disease related to promotion of MMP-3 and/or MMP-13 containing as an active ingredient, comprising administering; a hydroxamic acid derivative, a compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, according to or a prodrug of claim 1, as an active ingredient to a patient in need thereof.

16. **(Currently amended)** The therapeutic or prophylactic agent of method according to claim 15, wherein the disease related to promotion of MMP-3 and/or MMP-13 is arthritis.

17. **(Currently amended)** The therapeutic or prophylactic agent for a disease of method according to claim 16, wherein the arthritis is osteoarthritis or rheumatoid arthritis.

18. **(Currently amended)** ~~The therapeutic or prophylactic agent of~~ method according to claim 15, wherein the disease related to promotion of MMP-3 and/or MMP-13 is inflammatory disease.

19. **(Canceled)**

20. **(New)** A pharmaceutical composition comprising the hydroxamic acid compound according to claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.